(e) FC1 under the Ministry of Food has been authorised, to take delivery of sugar imported by STC/MMTC and arrange for its distribution. These operations would be financed by FCI and the deficit would be reimbursed to thema through subsidy by the Food Ministry *so* that sugar is made available- consumers under the PDS at the approved issue price.

CO and (g) OGL imports by bodies other than state agencies like STC & MMTC are being monitored by the Ministry of Food. According to available information, the prices at which STC & MMTC have imported sugar are in. line with the import prices of other Indian importers.

(h) To ensure uninterruped supply of sugar for PDS, two monitoring committees have been, constituted under the chairmanships of Commerce Secretary and Secretary, Ministry of Civil Supplies, CA & PD respectively to take care of policy as well as operational aspects of sugar import. Periodical meetings of these committee are 'being held for assessing the situation and for taking remedial ac-tion, wherever required

Socio economic and environmental Eltaments in ESCAP Agenda

*3. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what steps have been taken by Government in the light of Prime Minister's concern at the last ESCAP summit to the effect that developing countries should not allow the vieveloped countries to induct socio-economic and environmental elements in the. agenda or objectives of the World Trade Organisations, even in thinly veiledI'.from, under any such pretext or pretensions to nullify the com-parq&ye advantages that the developing countries enjoy; and

(b) what steps have been taken by Government to bring about a form consensus on this stand of the Prime Minister amongst the developing nations and with what success so far?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) and (b) India has been in consultation with various countries in appropriate fora to urge that while developing and developed countries alike must share actions to deal with genuine Social and environmental concerns, these should not become devices for protectionism. Most developing countries share this perspective.

ग्रेनाइट का निर्यात

* 4. श्री चिमनभाई हरिभाई पटेल : क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि भारत का अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय बाजार में ग्रेनाइट के निर्यात में शीर्ष स्थान है ;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि भारत को इस क्षेत्र में अन्य देशों से कड़ी प्रतिस्पर्धा का सामना करना पड़ रहा है ;

(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय बाजार में ग्रेनाइट के निर्यात के क्षेत्र में बड़े पैमाने पर चीन, दक्षिण कोरिया तथा कनाडा जैसे देशों के प्रवेश से भारत का स्थान शीर्ष से तीसरा हो गया है : और

(घ) यदि हां, तो सरकार ग्रेनाइट का निर्यात बढ़ाने के लिये क्या क्या कदम उठा रहा है ?

वाणिज्य मंत्री (श्री प्रणव मुखर्जी) : (क) जी, नहीं ।

(ख) और (ग) भारत से ग्रेनाइट का निर्यात जो वर्ष 1992–93 में 504 करोड़ रू० मूल्य का हुआ था वह वर्ष 1993–94